Ragam: Nattai (36th Mela janya ragam)
ARO:  S R3 G3 M1 P D3 N3 S  
AVA:  S N3  P M1 G3 M R3 S  
Talam: Rupakam
Composer: Annamacharya
Version: M S Subbalakshmi
Lyrics Courtesy: Sangeetha Sudha (Damodara Rao Dasu)
Link: http://www.sangeetasudha.org/annamacharya/index.html

Pallavi:
namO namO raghu kula nAyaka divija vandya namO namO Sankara nagaja nuta

Charanam 1:
vihita dharma pAlaka veera daSaradh raMaga gaganaga vAsinnte tATaka mardana
ahalya SAPa mOchana asura kula bhanjana sahaja viswAmitra savana rakshaka

Charanam 2:
hara kOdanDa hara sitAngA khara dooshanAri vAli garvApha
taraNi tanoojAdi tara chara pAlaka Saradh langhana kruta soumitri samEta

Charanam 3:
biruda rAvaNa SirO bhEdaka vibhishNa varada sAkEta pura vAsa rAghava
nirupama Sri venkaTa nilaya nija nagara pura vihAra punDarikAksha

Meaning:
In this song Annamacharya prays to Lord Rama narrating his great deeds of punishing the wicked and protecting the pious.

Salutations (“namO namO”) to the hero (“nAyaka”) of the Raghu dynasty (“raghu kula”) who is bowed (“vandya”) to by Devatas (“divija”). Salutations to Rama who is worshipped (“nuta”) by Parvati (“nagaja”) and Parameswara (“Sankara”).

He is the protector (“pAlaka”) of Dharma (“vihita dharma”). He is the heroic (“veera”) son of Dasaradh. He is the destroyer (“mardana”) of the demoness Tataki that lived (“vAsinnte”) in the sky (“gaganaga”). He dispelled (“mOchana”) Ahalya’s curse (“SAPA”). He is the annihilator (“bhanjana”) of the demons’ race (“kula”). He is the protector (“rakshaka”) of Viswamitra’s Yagnam (“savana”) -vedic sacrifice. Salutations to Him (“namO namO”).

He lifted (“hara”) Siva’s (“hara”) bow (“kOdanDa”) and became the lord (“vallabha”) of Sita. He is the enemy (“Ari”) of Khara and Dooshana. He dispelled (“Apaha”) the pride (“garva-”) of Vali and protected (“pAlaka”) Sugriva (“taraNi tanoojAdi”) the king of monkeys. He built (“kruta”) the bridge (“langhana”) across the sea (“Saradh”). He was along with (“samEta”) his brother Lakshmana (“soumitri”).


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namO namO raghu kula nAyaka divija vandya namO namO Sankara nagaja nuta

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S S  ; – R  S ;      ||  sg M   P  M   M ,g    ||  pmM -S  R ;  ;  ||  G G   M – S  R  S  ||
Na mO  - na  mO  ra- ghu  ku  la  nA--  ya--  ka  - -  - -  di  vi  ja  van  - dya
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He was along with ("samEta") his brother Lakshmana ("soumiti").

He built ("krutra") the bridge ("langhana") across the sea ("Saradhi"). He protected ("pAlaka") Sugriva("taraNi tanoojAdi") the king of monkeys.

He earned eternal fame ("SirO bhEdaka") by destroying ("biruda") Ravana and blessing ("varada") Vibhishana. He lives ("vAsa") in Saketapuram …

... and is unparalleled ("nirupama"). He dwells ("vihAra") in all splendour at the abode ("nilaya") of the lotus eyed ("punDarikAksha") Sri Venkatapati.

... Salutations to Him ("namO namO").