## Thiagarajaya Namaste

Ragam: Begada (29<sup>th</sup> Melakartha Shankarabharanam Janyam)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List of Janya ragas
AROHANA: S G<sub>3</sub> R<sub>2</sub> G<sub>3</sub> M<sub>1</sub> P D<sub>2</sub> P S ||
AVAROHANA: S N<sub>2</sub> D<sub>2</sub> P M<sub>1</sub> G<sub>3</sub> R<sub>2</sub> S ||

Talam: Rupakam Composer: Dikshitar

Lyrics & Meanings Courtesy: Guru Guha Vaibhavam http://guru-guha.blogspot.com/2007/11/dikshitar-

kriti-thyagarajaaya-namastae.html

Youtube Class / Lesson: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iMIXJdzA568">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iMIXJdzA568</a> MP3 Class / Lesson: <a href="https://www.shivkumar.org/music/thiagarajaya-class.mp3">https://www.shivkumar.org/music/thiagarajaya-class.mp3</a>

### Pallavi:

tyAgarAjAya namastE namastE kAtyAyanI patE paSu-patE siMhAsana patE

#### Anupallavi

vAgISAdyakhila dEva vandita pada pankajAya yOgISvara mAnasa saMyukta vadana vArijAya

### Madhyama kAla sAhityam:

bhOga mOksha dAna vAma bhAga sthita SailajAya yOga guru guhAtmajAya tyAga dhvajAya ajAya

#### caraNam:

mukundAdi pUjita sOmAskanda mUrtayE mucukundAdi bhakta jana manO-ratha pUrtayE mukura bimba prati-bimbita mukha sphUrtayE muni pakshi mRga kITAdi mukti prada kIrtayE

## Madhyama kAla sAhityam:

sakalAgama mantra tantra sArajnAnuraktayE a-ka-thAdi tri-rEkhAtmakAdhAra pravRttayE sakala nishkaLa svarUpa saccitsukha vyAptayE vikalpa bhEda yuktayE viTanka rUpa SaktayE

# Meaning: Courtesy Guru Guha Vaibhavam: http://guru-guha.blogspot.com/2007/11/dikshitar-kriti-

thyagarajaaya-namastae.html

namastE namastE - Repeated salutations to you,

tvAgarAiAva - to Tvagaraia.

kAtyAyanI patE - O husband of Parvati (daughter of Sage Katyayana)!

paSu-patE - O master of all creatures! siMha-Asana patE - O lord seated on a throne!

#### anupallavi

vAgISa-Adi-akhila dEva vandita pada pankajAya - to (you who are) the one whose lotus-feet are saluted by all gods, led by Brahma (the lord of Sarasvati),

yOgI-ISvara mAnasa saMyukta vadana vArijAya - the one whose lotus-face is fixed in the hearts of the greatest of Yogis,

bhOga mOksha dAna - the one who grants both material enjoyment as well as liberation,

vAma bhAga sthita SailajAya - the one who has Parvati seated on the left side,

yOga guru guha-AtmajAya - the one whose son is Guruguha, adept in Yoga,

tyAga dhvajAya - the one whose banner is renunciation,

ajAya - the one with no birth,

#### caraNam

mukunda-Adi pUjita - the one worshipped by Vishnu and others,

sa-umA-skanda mUrtayE - the one having the form of Somaskanda (Shiva along with Uma and Skanda), mucukunda-Adi bhakta jana manO-ratha pUrtayE - the one who fulfills the desires of devout people such as King Muchukunda,

mukura bimba prati-bimbita mukha sphUrtayE - the glow of whose face is reflected in the mirror, muni pakshi mRga kITa-Adi mukti prada kIrtayE - the one famed for granting liberation to sages and (even) birds, animals and insects etc.

sakala-Agama mantra tantra sArajna-anuraktayE - the one affectionate towards those who know the essence of all the Vedas, Mantras and Tantras,

a-ka-tha-Adi tri-rEkhA-Atmaka-AdhAra pravRttayE - the one whose base or seat is the triangular Chakra with the lines representing the letters 'a', 'ka' and 'tha',

sakala nishkaLa svarUpa - the formless one and one with form,

sat-cit-sukha vyAptayE - the one pervading as existence-consciousness-bliss,

vikalpa bhEda yuktayE - the means to break or destroy (the delusion of) manifoldness,

viTanka rUpa SaktayE - the one with the power of assuming the Vitanka (unchiseled) form.

#### Comments:

This is the fourth of the Tyagaraja Vibhakti kritis. The kriti is almost entirely in the fourth Vibhakti, except the second half of the Pallavi which addresses the lord, in the eighth (Sambodhana Prathama) Vibhakti Muchukunda, a Chola king helped Indra, the king of gods, vanquish some Asuras. In return he was gifted the idol of Tyagaraja by Indra, which he installed in Tiruvarur.

### Meaning (from TK Govinda Rao's book)

My salutations again and again to Lord Tyagaraja; who seated on the great thron, the lord of Katyaayani and the protector of beings

His lotus-like feet are worshipped by Brahma and other celestials. His Lotus-like face is in conjunction with the subtle intellect of the individual selves of the distinguished Yogis. He has goddess Parvati in his left half of the body, the goddess who bestows material prosperity as well as salvation. His son is Guruguha. His banner is Tyaga and he is the birthless one.

My salutations to him, the somaaskanda worshipped by Mukunda and others. He fulfilled the ambitions of Muchukunda and other devotees. His image is reflected in the clear mirror-like minds of his devotees. He is greatly renowned for bestowing liberation to all such as sages, birgds, animals and worms. Those who understand the true import of Aagamas, Mantras and Tantras are dear to him. He makes all to realise God through the Mooladhaara Chakra. He is the basis for the mystic syllable – Aa, Ka and Ta and has permeated as SAT, CHIT and ANANDA in all beings and is of the form of SAKALA and NISHKALA. He has the power to obliterate knowledge of duality. He pervades as the power in the shrine of vitanka.

### <u>Pallavi</u>

Thiagarajaya Namaste Namaste Kaathiayanipathe Pashupathe Simhasanapathe

```
<u>Sahityam</u>: tyAgarAjAya namastE namastE
```

```
<u>Meaning</u>: namastĒ namastĒ

- Repeated salutations to you,
tyAgarAjAya

- to Tyagaraja Swami (in Tiruvarur)
```

```
1. pd N D - P
                           \parallel ppmg R - S
                                             G, r
 Thia- ga raa
                            ja ---
                                    ya Na
G:
                 , d pm
                          \parallel R S
                                             gm pm ||
         ; - g m
Ste
        - Na-
                   ma - -
                            ste -
                                             sri - - -
2. pd N D - P
                 mp D
                           \parallel ppmg R – S
                                             G, r
 Thia- ga raa
                            ia ---
                                    ya Na
```

```
\underline{SpmmgG} ; -g m , d pm \parallel R S ; ;
                                                  gm pm ||
Ste
         - Na-
                     ma - -
                                                  sri - - -
3. pd N D - P
                    mp D
                              \parallel \underline{Pdp} \operatorname{mg} R - S
 Thia- ga raa
                               ja --- ya Na
\underline{SpmmgG}; - g m, d pm || R S
                                      ; ;
                                                  gm pd
Ste - Na-
                     ma - -
                                                  sri - - -
                                ste -
4. rsns D-P
                    mp D
                             \parallel \underline{Pdp} \operatorname{mg} R - S
                                                  G, r
                                                            Thia- ga raa
                              ja --- ya Na
                                                  ma -
\underline{SpmmgG}; - gm \underline{pdN} dpM || RS;;
                                                   ; S
                                                            Ste - Na-
                       ma - -
                                  ste -
                                                   - Ka
Sahityam:kAtyAyanI patE paSu-patE siMhAsana patE
                                   - O husband of Parvati (daughter of Sage Katyayana)!
Meaning: kAtyAyanI patE
                                   - O master of all creatures!
paSu-patE
siMha-Asana patE
                                   - O lord seated on a throne!
a) ppmg R - gm P - pm \parallel p D p; P
                                                  D P
  thia --- ya ni - - pa-
                                                  shu pa
                               the - - Pa
S:
          rsns
                    DP
                              || mdpm gpmg | mr- gm ||
the
         Sim--
                    haa -
                               sa -na- pa-the- -- Ka -
b) \underline{Pdp} mg R – gm P – pm \parallel p D p ; P
                                                  D P
  thia --- ya ni - - pa- the - - Pa
                                                  shu pa
S gr
          rsns
                    dp - sn \parallel rs - nn \mid dp pm \mid gm \mid pd \mid \parallel
          Sim--
the
                    haa -
                               -- sa -na- pa- the- --
         D - P
                    mp D
                              \parallel \underline{Pdp} \operatorname{mg} R - S + G, r
                                                            . rsns
                               ja --- ya Na ma -
 Thia- ga raa
\underline{SpmmgG} ; -gm \underline{pdN} \underline{dpM} \parallel RS ; ;
                                                            ; ;
Ste
         - Na-
                       ma - -
                                  ste -
```

# **Anupallavi**

Vagheeshaa Dyakila Deva Vandita Pada Pankajaaya Yogishwara Maanasa Samyuktha Vadana Vaarijaaya Bhogamoksha Daana Vaama Bhaagasthita Sailajaaya Yoga Guruguhaatmajaaya Tyaagadhwajaaya Ajaaya

Sahityam:vAgISAdyakhila dEva vandita pada pankajAya

<u>Meaning:</u> vAgISa-Adi-akhila dEva vandita pada pankajAya - to (you who are) the one whose lotus-feet are saluted by all gods, led by Brahma (the lord of Sarasvati),

```
1. pd N D;
                  P;
                           \parallel PM \quad dp - gr \quad S \quad S
                                                       Dyaki la- De- - va
 Va -- ghee
                  shaa
; S
         PΜ
                            \parallel gm P M - pd, pP
                  Gmr
                                                       Van
         di ta
                  Pada-
                            Pan – ka jaa - - ya
2. rsns pDp
                  P:
                            \parallel gm pdN dpM - gr S S \parallel
 Va -- ghee
                            Dya-ki-- la-- De- - va
                  shaa
```

; S P M Gmr 
$$\parallel$$
 gm P  $\underline{dpM} - p d$ , p P  $\parallel$  Van di ta Pada- Pan - ka jaa - - ya

Sahityam:yOgISvara mAnasa saMyukta vadana vArijAya

Meaning: yOgI-ISvara mAnasa saMyukta vadana vArijAya - the one whose lotus-face is fixed in the hearts of the greatest of Yogis, - the one with no birth,

### Madhyama Kala Sahityam:

Sahityam:bhOga mOksha dAna vAma bhAga sthita SailajAya

<u>Meaning:</u> bhOga mOksha dAna - the one who grants both material enjoyment as well as liberation, vAma bhAga sthita SailajAya - the one who has Parvati seated on the left side,

Sahityam:yOga guru guhAtmajAya tyAga dhvajAya ajAya

Meaning:yOga guru guha-AtmajAya - the one whose son is Guruguha, adept in Yoga, tyAga dhvajAya ajAya - the one whose banner is renunciation,

$$G\ r-s\ r\ s-D\ p-\ S\ r\parallel N\ N\ d\ P\ m\ m\ P\ d\ \parallel$$
 Yoga Gurugu haatma jaaya Tyaaga dhwajaaya A jaa ya

### Charanam

Ste

Mukundaadi Pujitha Somaaskanda Murthaye Muchukundaadi Bhakthajana Manoratha Sphurtthaye Mukura Bimba Pratibimbita Mukha Sphurttaye

Muni Pakshi Mruga Keedaadhi Mukthi Prada Keerthaye Sakalaagama Mantra Tantra Saarajnanu Rakthaye Akataadi Trireekhatma Kaadaara Pravruttaye Sakala Nishkala Svarupa Sacchit Sukha Vyaptaye Vikalpa Bhedayukthaye Vitanka Rupa Shakthaye

 $\underline{Sahityam}: mukundAdi\ pUjita\ sOmAskanda\ mUrtayE$ 

<u>Meaning:</u>mukunda-Adi pUjita - the one worshipped by Vishnu and others, sa-umA-skanda mUrtayE - the one having the form of Somaskanda (Shiva along with Uma and Skanda),

```
DP
                                 GR
                                          S;
                                                  ; mp
                 D P \parallel M M
Mukun daa-
                 - di Pu-
                                 iitha
                                          So
; S
        ; P
                ppmg \parallel mr - gm P - pm pD p
 maa
        - S
                skan-- da Mu-- rtha- ye--
DΡ
        ; mp
                 D P \parallel pd N
                                 dpmp
                                          gr S
                                                  Mukun daa-
                 - di Pu-
                                 jitha
                                          So
; S
        ; P
                ppmg \parallel M-gm \ P-pm \quad pD \ p
                skan-- da Mu-- rtha- ye--
 maa
        - S
```

Sahityam:mucukundAdi bhakta jana manO-ratha pUrtayE

<u>Meaning:</u>mucukunda-Adi bhakta jana manO-ratha pUrtayE - the one who fulfills the desires of devout people such as King Muchukunda,

```
; g m pd N D P \parallel P - P m - dp p - gr s s \parallel di Bha - ktha-- ja-- na s r s n dp - S gr G \parallel M, - d p p - g r S S \parallel Ma-no- - - ra tha - Sphu rttha- - ye - - -
```

<u>Sahityam</u>:mukura bimba prati-bimbita mukha sphUrtayE

Meaning:mukura bimba prati-bimbita mukha sphUrtayE - the glow of whose face is reflected in the mirror,

Sahityam:muni pakshi mRga kITAdi mukti prada kIrtayE

<u>Meaning:</u>muni pakshi mRga kITa-Adi mukti prada kIrtayE - the one famed for granting liberation to sages and (even) birds, animals and insects etc.

### Madhyama Kala Sahityam:

Sahityam:sakalAgama mantra tantra sArajnAnuraktayE

<u>Meaning:</u>sakala-Agama mantra tantra sArajna-anuraktayE - the one affectionate towards those who know the essence of all the Vedas, Mantras and Tantras,

s s M 
$$mg-P$$
  $m-D$   $p \parallel n$  n d  $p$  M  $p-g$  , r G  $\parallel$  Sakalaa gama Man tra Tantra Saa-ra- jnanu Ra kthaye

Sahityam:a-ka-thAdi tri-rEkhAtmakAdhAra pravRttayE

<u>Meaning:</u>a-ka-tha-Adi tri-rEkhA-Atmaka-AdhAra pravRttayE - the one whose base or seat is the triangular Chakra with the lines representing the letters 'a','ka' and 'tha',

gm D 
$$P-m$$
 m  $p-g$  r s  $\parallel$  sp  $p$  g  $mr-p$  m , d P  $\parallel$  Akataa di Triree - kha-tma Kaa- daa- ra- Pravru- ttaye

Sahityam: sakala nishkaLa svarUpa saccitsukha vyAptayE

<u>Meaning:</u>sakala nishkaLa svarUpa - the formless one and one with form, sat-cit-sukha vyAptayE - the one pervading as existence-consciousness-bliss,

$$p~d~p\text{-}\,s$$
 ,  $~n~S~n~R~s~\parallel\,gmrs~r~s-p~d~p-r~S~\parallel$ Sakala Nish-kala Svarupa   Sa-cchit- Sukha Vya- -   ptaye

Sahityam:vikalpa bhEda yuktayE viTanka rUpa SaktayE

<u>Meaning:</u> vikalpa bhEda yuktayE - the means to break or destroy (the delusion of) manifoldness, viTanka rUpa SaktayE - the one with the power of assuming the Vitanka (unchiseled) form.

$$r\ N\ n$$
 d  $p\ m-g$  ,  $r\ G\ \|\ m\ P\ m$  D  $p-s$  n  $r$   $\underline{S\ ,r}$   $\|$  Vikalpa Bhe-da yu kthaye Vitanka Rupa Sha-ktha ye

$$\frac{SpmmgG}{Ste} := gm , dpm \parallel RS; ; ; S \parallel$$

$$Ste - Na - ma - - ste - - Ka$$

S gr rsns dp – sn 
$$\parallel$$
 rs – nn dp pm gm pd  $\parallel$  the Sim-- haa - -- sa –na- pa- the- - -

$$\frac{\text{SpmmgG}}{\text{Ste}} ; -\text{gm} \frac{\text{pdN dpM}}{\text{dpM}} \parallel \text{R S} ; ; ; ; ;$$

$$\text{Ste} \quad -\text{Na-ma--ste} \quad -\text{--}$$